#### **Features**

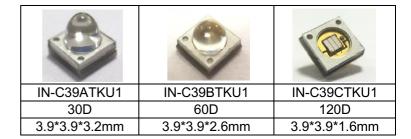
- 3939 UVC LED
- Optional Optical Quartz Lens
- ROHS and REACH Compliant
- MSL 4 qualified according to J-STD 020
- ESD 2KV

# **Applications**

- Medical applications
- Industrial facility applications

## **Description**

The IN-C39(X)TK UVC series is 10mW UVC LED with Good Thermal Dissipation and High Efficiency. It is a SMD type LED which can be used in various applications.



## **Recommended Solder Pattern**

(Suggest Stencil t=0.12 mm)

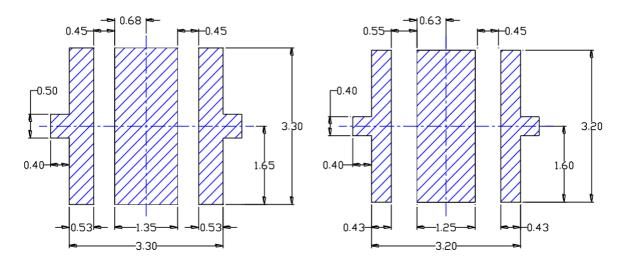


Figure 1. IN-C39ATKU1 / IN-C39BTKU1 / IN-C39CTKU1 Recommended Solder Pattern

#### Note:

- \* All dimensions are in millimeters.
- \* Tolerance is ±0.13mm unless other specified.



# **Package Dimensions**

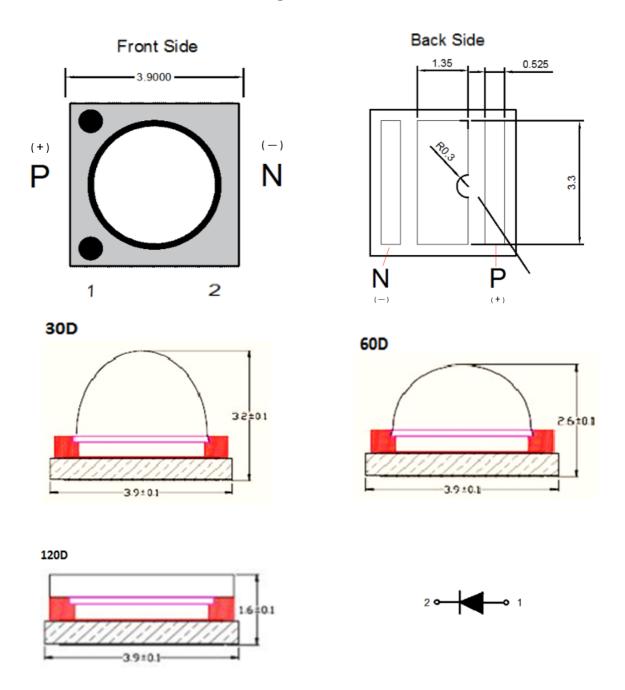


Figure 2. IN-C39ATKU1 / IN-C39BTKU1 / IN-C39CTKU1 Package Dimension

#### Note:

All dimensions are in millimeters.

Tolerance is ±0.13mm unless other specified.

# **Absolute Maximum Rating at 25°C**

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
DC Forward Current <sup>1</sup>	IF			150	mA
Pulse Current (@1/10 duty) <sup>2</sup>	IP			TBD	mA
Forward Voltage	VF	5.0		9.0	V
Junction Temperature <sup>3</sup>	Tj			65	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40		80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol			245	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction / Solder Point	Rth		15		°C/W
Viewing Angle⁴	201/2		30/60/120		Deg

#### Notes:

- 1. When operating at other than ambient temperature, maximum allowable current depends on derating curves.
- 2. Pulse width = 0.01s & duty factor = 1/10.
- 3. When operating at maximum allowable current, Tj must be below 85 °C.
- 4. Viewing angle tolerance is ± 10°.

## Electrical Characteristics T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 1)

	,	√ <sub>F</sub> (V)@150mA	Viewing Angle	
Product	min	typ	max	<b>2</b> θ 1/2
IN-C39ATKU1 IN-C39BTKU1 IN-C39CTKU1	5.0		9.0	30/60/120

#### Notes:

1. Performance guaranteed only under conditions listed in above tables.

#### **ESD Precaution**

ATTENTION: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection



The symbol above denotes that ESD precaution is needed. ESD protection for GaP and AlGaAs based chips is necessary even though they are relatively safe in the presence of low static-electric discharge. Parts built with AllnGaP, GaN, or/and InGaN based chips are STATIC SENSITIVE devices. ESD precaution must be taken during design and assembly. If manual work or processing is needed, please ensure the device is adequately protected from ESD during the process.

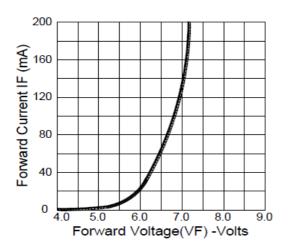
and the state of t

Please be advised that normal static precautions should be taken in the handling and assembly of this device to prevent damage or degradation which may be induced by electrostatic discharge (ESD).

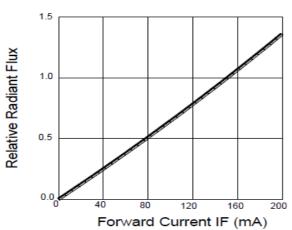


## **Electronic-Optical Characteristics**

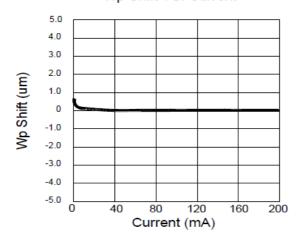
Forward Current VS. Forward Voltage



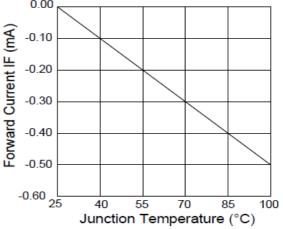
Relative Radiant Flux VS. Current



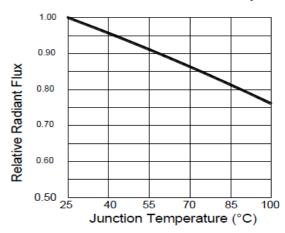
Wp Shift VS. Current



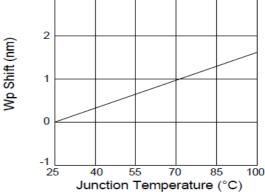
Forward Voltage Shift VS. Tj 0.00



Relative Radiant Flux VS. Tj



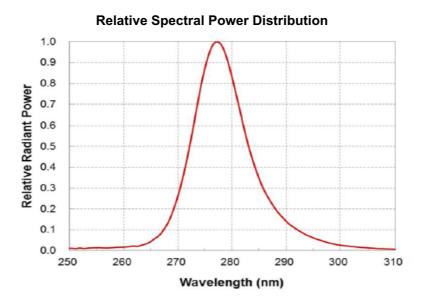
Wp Shift VS. Tj 3

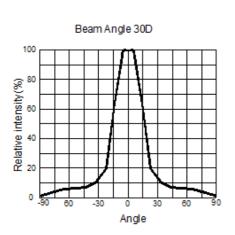


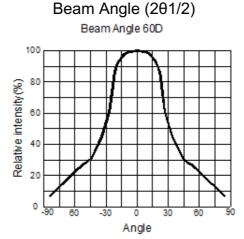
#### Notes:

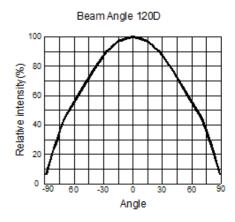
Viewing angle $(2\theta 1/2) \pm 10^{\circ}$ 







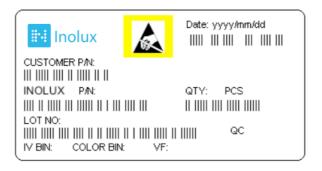




# **Ordering Information**

Product	Emission Color	Viewing Angle	Orderable Part Number
		30°	IN-C39ATKU1
IN-C39(X)TKU1	U1:270~285nm	60°	IN-C39BTKU1
		120°	IN-C39CTKU1

# **Label Specifications**



## **Inolux P/N:**

I	N	-	С	3	9	Х	Т	К		Х	-	Х	Х	X	Χ
			Material	Packa	ge	Variation	Orientation	Current	Lens	Color				nized o-off	
Inol SM			C = Ceramic Type	39B = 3	3.9 x 3.9	9 x 3.2, 30 Deg. 9 x 2.6, 60 Deg. x 1.6, 120 Deg.	T = Top Mount	K = 150mA	(Blank) = Clear	U1 = 270-285nm					

### Lot No.:

Z	2	0	1	7	01	24	001
Internal		Voor (2017	2019 \	Month	Data	Sorial	
Tracker	Year (2017, 2018,)				Month	Date	Serial



# **Peak Wavelength Binning**

	Peak Wavelength unit: nm@150m	A
Bin Code	Min	Max
U1	270	285

#### Notes:

- 1. Binning current is 150mA
- 2. Wavelength tolerance ± 2nm

# **Voltage Binning**

	Voltage	unit: V@150mA	
Peak Wavelength	Bin Code	Min	Max
U1: 270~285nm	V1	5.0	7.0
01: 270 285nm	V2	7.0	9.0

#### Notes:

1. Binning current is 150mA

# Radiant flux (Power) binning

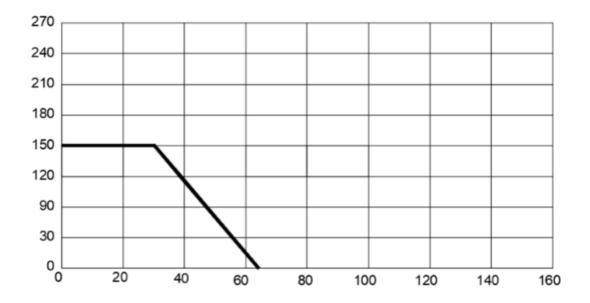
	Radiant flux (Power) unit: mw@150mA					
Peak Wavelength	Bin Code	Min	Max			
U1: 270~285nm	H1	8	16			

#### Notes:

- 1. Binning current is 150mA
- 2. Power tolerance  $\pm$  10%

## **Thermal Design**

Thermal design of the end product is important. The thermal resistance between the junction and the solder point (ROJS) and the end product should be designed to minimize the thermal resistance from the solder point to ambient in order to optimize the emitter life and optical characteristics. The maximum operation current is determined by the plot of Allowable Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature.



The junction temperature can be correlated to the thermal resistance between the junction and ambient (Rja) by the following equation.

Tj = Ta + Rja\*W

Tj = LED junction temperature

Ta = Ambient temperature

Rja= Thermal resistance between the junction and ambient

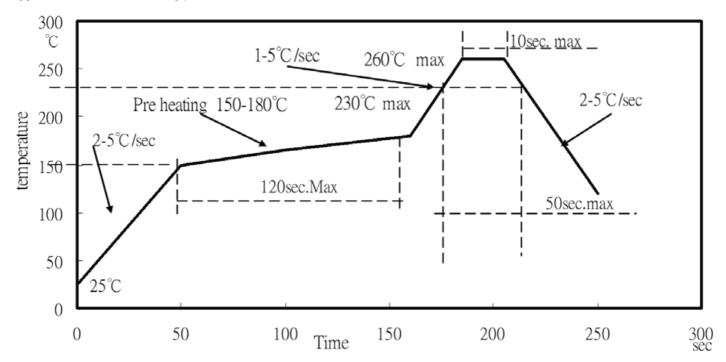
 $W = Input power (I_F*V_F)$ 



## **Reflow Soldering**

The LEDs can be soldered using the parameter listed below. As a general guideline, the users are suggested to follow the recommended soldering profile provided by the manufacturer of the solder paste. Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the list, reflow soldering at the lowest possible temperature is preferred for the LEDs.

Suggested lead-free soldering profile:



#### Notes:

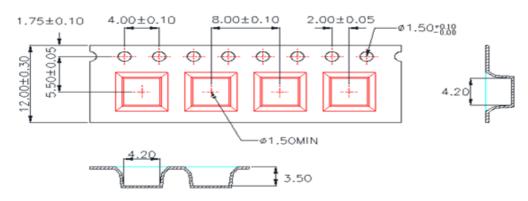
- 1. The recommended reflow temperature is 240°C(±5°C). The maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C.
- 2. Do not stress the silicone resin while it is exposed to high temperature.
- 3. The number of reflow process should not exceed 3 times.



# **Packing**

The carrier tape conforms to EIA-481D.

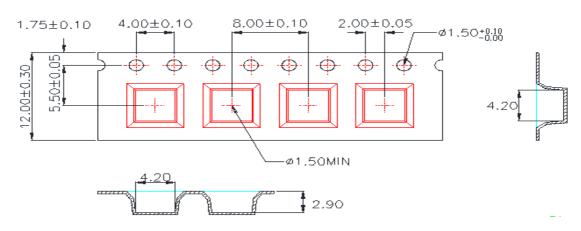
## 3939-30°



W	A0	В0	K0
12.00±0.30	4.20±0.10	4.20±0.10	3.50±0.10

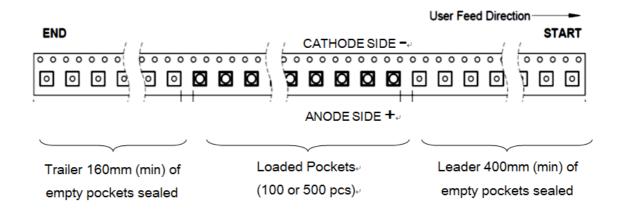
- 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance  $\pm 0.20$ .
- 2. Carrier camber is within 1 mm in 250 mm.
- 3. Material: Black Conductive Polystyrene Alloy.
- 4. All dimensions meet EIA-481-D requirements.
- 5. Thickness: 0.30±0.05mm
- 6. Packing length per 22 " reel: 62.5 Meters (1:3).
- 7. Component load per 13" reel: 2500 pcs.

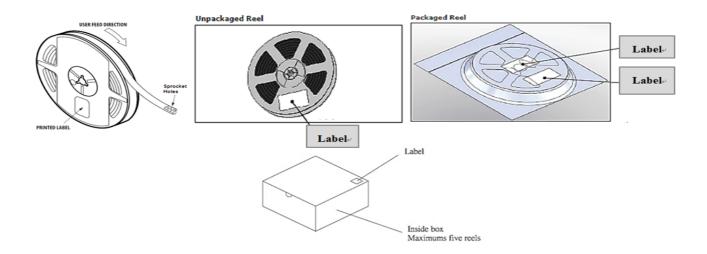
#### 3939 120° / 60°



W	A0	В0	K0
12.00±0.30	4.20±0.10	4.20±0.10	2.90±0.10

- 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance  $\pm 0.20$ .
- 2. Carrier camber is within 1 mm in 250 mm.
- 3. Material: Black Conductive Polystyrene Alloy.
- 4. All dimensions meet EIA-481-D requirements.
- 5. Thickness: 0.30±0.05mm
- 6. Packing length per 22 " reel: 62.5 Meters (1:3).
- 7. Component load per 13" reel: 2500 pcs.





#### Notes:

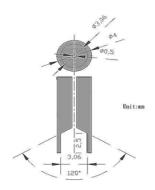
- 1. Each Reel (minimum number of pieces is 100 and maximum is 500(30D/60D/120D) packed in a moisture-proof bag along with 2 packs of desiccant and a humidity indicator card.
- 2. A maximum of 5 moisture-proof bags are packed in an inner box (size: 240mm x 200mm x 105mm  $\pm$  5mm).
- 3. A maximum of 4 inner boxes are put in an outer box (size: 410mm x 255mm x 230mm  $\pm 5$ mm).
- 4. Part No., Lot No., quantity should be indicated on the label of the moisture-proof bag and the cardboard box.

#### **Precautions**

- 1. Recommendation for using LEDs
  - 1.1 The lens of LEDs should not be exposed to dust or debris. Excessive dust and debris may cause a drastic decrease in the luminosity.
  - 1.2 Avoid mechanical stress on LED lens.
  - 1.3 Do not touch the LED lens surface. It would affect the optical performance of the LED due to the LED lens' damage.
  - 1.4 Pick & place tools are recommended for the remove of LEDs from the factory tape & reel packaging.

#### 2. Pick & place nozzle

The pickup tool was recommended and shown as below:



### 3. Lens handling

Please follow the guideline to pick LEDs:

- 3.1 Use tweezers to pick LEDs.
- 3.2 Do not touch the lens by using tweezers.
- 3.3 Do not touch lens with fingers.
- 3.4 Do not apply more than 4N of force (400g) directly onto the lens.

## 4. Lens cleaning

In the case which a small amount of dirt and dust particles remain on the lens surface, a suitable cleaning solution can be applied.

- 4.1 Try gently wiping with a dust-free cloth.
- 4.2 If needed, use a dust-free cloth and isopropyl alcohol to gently remove the dirt from the lens surface.
- 4.3 Do not use other solvents as they may react with the LED assembly.
- 4.4 Do not use ultrasonic cleaning which will damage the LEDs.



**Revision History** 

Changes since last revision	Page	Version No.	Revision Date
Initial Release		1.0	10-26-2018
Format Adjustment		1.1	10-31-2018
Revise the Drawing	1, 2	1.2	08-10-2019

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